

January 1st

Extraordinary Form

(incomplete booklet)

John Henry Newman on plainsong organ accompaniment:

When once asked whether the plainchant litany for the Corpus Christi procession should be harmonised, Cardinal Newman replied, “I am anything but averse to harmony here. I like it better *with*.”

—Courtesy of Father Guy Nicholls

John Henry Newman on the 5th Vespers Psalm:

“The Cardinal, however, liked the *peregrinus* to the IN EXITU ISRAEL... and I remember once he seemed put out because once we followed the Rubrics in Easter week when the IN EXITU is used by having all the Psalms to one tone [*mode vii*]. For a moment it seemed as if he would contradict himself in his strict rule of going by authority against what he liked, and would change the tones so as to have the *peregrinus*.” —Edward Bellasis

Dom Mocquereau on plainsong accompaniment:

Dom Mocquereau criticized the accompaniments of Giulio Bas, advocated by Father de Santi. He wrote: “The accent that is always struck, the accent that always coincides with the chord on the down pulse of the rhythm, in a word the “metric principle” with all its attendant harshness, there is the great error of the moderns when it comes to the rhythm. DOM POTHIER pointed that out a long time ago. Read carefully his article on the *Ave maris stella* (*Revue du Chant Gregorien*, January 15, 1895, p. 84); the matter cannot be stated better or more accurately. I adopt this theory in its entirety; and I taught it already in 1896, in my lecture on *L'Art Gregorien*. Daily practice confirms us in these principles. Dom Gatard teaches exactly the same thing at Westminster Cathedral.” —Dom Pierre Combe

Dr. Peter Wagner on “modern notation” plainsong:

“With the praiseworthy intention of propagating the Chant, some editors have transcribed the typical edition into modern notation. One author of such a transcription, the late DR. PETER WAGNER, often told us he regretted having done it. Some editors who understood how much more exact the Gregorian notation was—the neums, as we call them—printed these notes on five lines instead of four, and changed the traditional do and fa clefs to the modern treble clef.” —Joseph Gogniat (12 March 1938)

The **starting pitches** may be given to the priest, but this “beginning section” is not usually accompanied:

DOMINICA AD VESPERAS

Music notation for the beginning of the hymn. The top line shows a soprano vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "V. De-us, in ad - ju - tó - ri - um me - um in - tén - de." The bottom line shows a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "V. De-us, in ad - ju - tó - ri - um me - um in - tén - de."

IN PRINCIPIO ESPERARUM

Tonus festivus.

V. O God, ✠ come
to my assistance;

R. O Lord, make
haste to help me.

Glory be to the
Father, and to the
Son, * and to the
Holy Ghost.

As it was in the
beginning, is now,
* and ever shall
be, world without
end. Amen.

Alleluia.

Music notation for the beginning of the hymn. The top line shows a soprano vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "D e-us, in adju-tó-ri- um me-um inténde." The bottom line shows a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "D e-us, in adju-tó-ri- um me-um inténde."

R. Dómi-ne, ad adjuvándum me festí-na. Gló-ri - a Patri,

Music notation for the beginning of the hymn. The top line shows a soprano vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "et Fí-li-o, et Spi-ri-tu-i Sancto. Sicut e-rat in". The bottom line shows a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "et Fí-li-o, et Spi-ri-tu-i Sancto. Sicut e-rat in".

et Fí - li - o, et Spi - ri - tu - i Sancto. Sicut e - rat in

Music notation for the beginning of the hymn. The top line shows a soprano vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "prin-cí-pi-o, et nunc, et semper, et in sáe-cu-la". The bottom line shows a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "prin-cí-pi-o, et nunc, et semper, et in sáe-cu-la".

prin-cí-pi-o, et nunc, et semper, et in sáe-cu - la

Music notation for the beginning of the hymn. The top line shows a soprano vocal line with a treble clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "sæ-cu-ló-rum. Amen. Al-le-lú-ia.". The bottom line shows a basso continuo line with a bass clef and a key signature of two sharps. The lyrics are: "sæ-cu-ló-rum. Amen. Al-le-lú-ia."

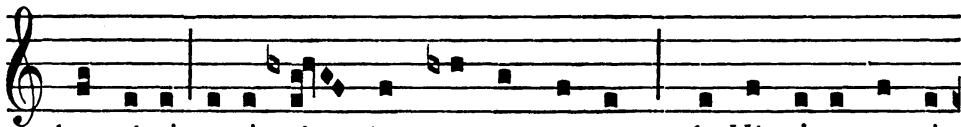
**Psalm
1 of 5**

Two (2) versions of the antiphon are provided. One is in modern notation, with a harmonization from the Mechlinian school. The other is "box notation" on 5 lines, for organists who prefer to improvise their own harmonization, or simply accompany in octaves.

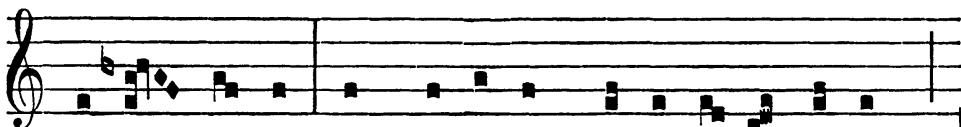
1. Antiphon VI F



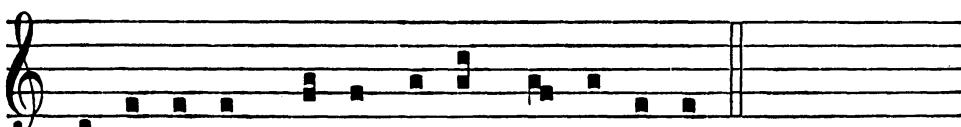
O admi-rá-bi-le commér-ci - um! * Cre - á-tor gé-ne-ris



hu-má-ni, a-ni-má - tum corpus sumens, de Vir-gi-ne na-sci



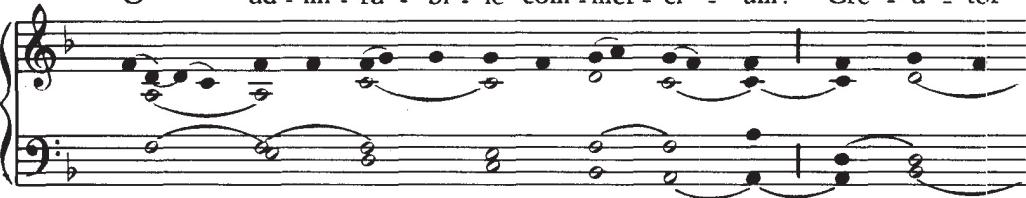
di-gná - tus est: et pro-cé-dens ho-mo si - ne sé-mi-ne,



lar-gí-tus est no-bis su - am de - i - tát - em.¹⁾)

O ad - mi - rá - bi - le com - mér - ci - um! * Cre - á - tor

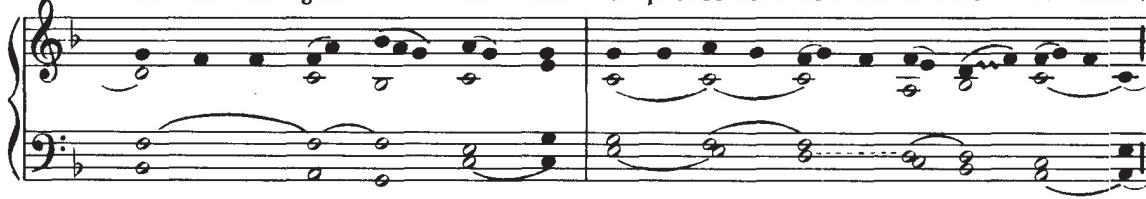
1. Ant.
VI. F



gé - ne - ris hu - má - ni, a - ni - má - tum cor-pus sumens, de Vir-gi-ne



na - sci di - gná - tus est: et pro-cé-dens ho - mo si - ne sé - mi.ne,



lar - gí-tus est no - bis su - am de - i - tát - em. E u o u a e.



The Father John Brébeuf Hymnal “**has no parallel and not even any close competitor.**”

<https://ccwatershed.org/hymn/>

—Author for the Church Music Association of America weblog • 10 June 2022

Di - xit Dó - mi - nus Dó - mi - **no** me - o: Se - de a **dex** - tris me - is.

Do - nec po - nam in - i - mí - **cos** tu - os, sca - bél - lum pe - **dum** tu - ó - rum

F g7 F6 Bb7 g6 d⁴³

3. Virgam virtú-tis tu-æ emítet Dóminus *ex Si-on*: * domináre in médi-o inimicórum tu-ó-rum.

F g7 F6 Bb7

4. Tecum princípi-um in di- e virtú-tis tu-æ in splendó-ribus *sanc*tórum: * ex útero ante lucí-ferum

g6 d⁴³ F g7 F6 Bb7

génu- i te. 5. Jurávit Dóminus, et non pœni-tébit e-um: * Tu es sacérdos in ætérnum secún-

g6 d⁴³ F g7 F6 Bb7 g6 d⁴³

dum órdinem *Melchí*-sedech. 6. Dóminus a dextris tu- is, * confrégit in di- e iræ su-æ re- ges.

F g7 F6 Bb7 g6 d⁴³

7. Judicábit in na-ti- ónibus, implébit ru- í-nas: * conquassábit cápi-ta in ter -ra mul-tó- rum.

F g7 F6 Bb7 g6 d⁴³ F g7 F6 Bb7

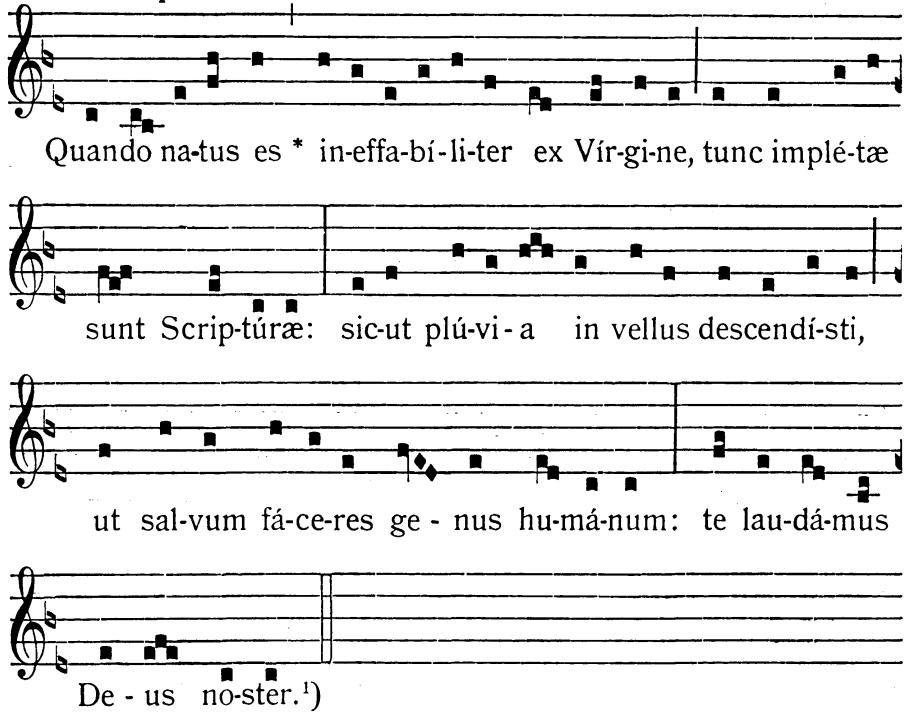
8. De torrénte in vi- a bibet: * proptére- a exaltábit ca-put. 9. Gló-ri- a Patri, et Fí-li- o, * et Spi-

g6 d⁴³ F g7 F6 Bb7 g6 F⁴³

rá-tu- i Sancto. 10. Sicut erat in princípi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácu-la sækulórum. Amen.

**Psalm
2 of 5**

Two (2) versions of the antiphon are provided. One is in modern notation, with a harmonization from the Mechlinian school. The other is "box notation" on 5 lines, for organists who prefer to improvise their own harmonization, or simply accompany in octaves.

2. Antiphon III a 2


Quando na-tus es * in-effa-bí-li-ter ex Vír-gi-ne,
 sunt Scrip-tú-ræ: sic-ut plú-vi-a in vellus descendí-sti,
 ut sal-vum fá-ce-res ge - nus hu-má-num: te lau-dá-mus
 De - us no-ster.¹⁾

Quan-do na - tus es * in - ef - fa - bí - li - ter ex Vír - gi - ne,

2. Ant. III. a 2



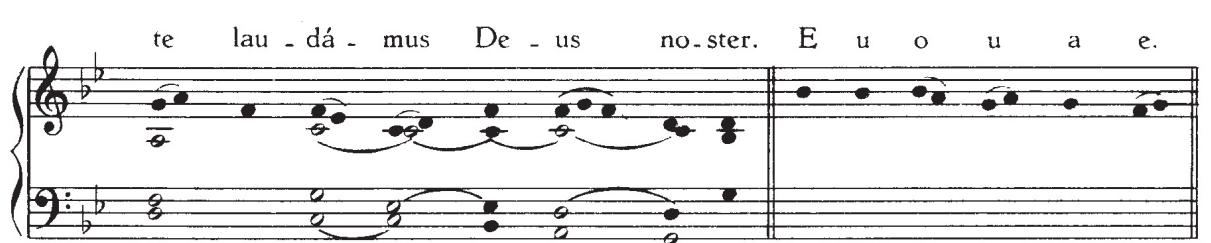
tunc im - plé - tæ sunt Scrip - tū - ræ: sic - ut plú - vi - a in vel-lus



de - scen - di - sti, ut sal - vum fá - ce - res ge - nus hu - mā - num:



te lau - dá - mus De - us no-ster. E u o u a e.



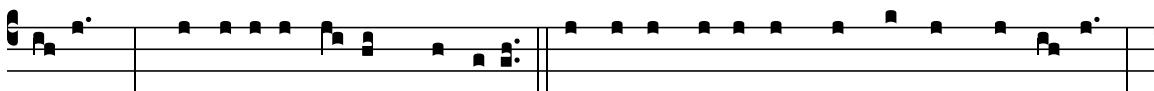
INCOMPLETE



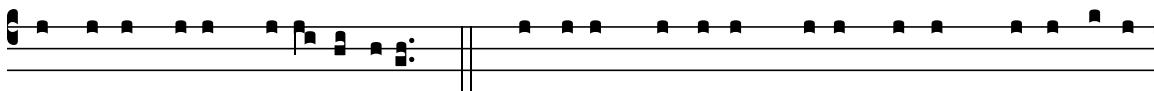
1. Laudáte, pú-e-ri, Dómi-num: * laudáte *nomen Dómini*. 2. Sit nomen Dómini



benedíctum, * ex hoc nunc, et usque in sáculum. 3. A so-lis ortu usque ad oc-



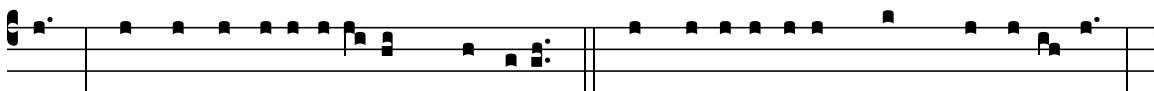
cá-sum, * laudábi-le *nomen Dómini*. 4. Excélsus super omnes gentes Dómi-nus, *



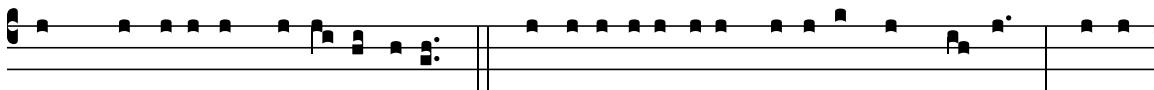
et super cælos glóri- a ejus. 5. Quis sicut Dóminus, De-us noster, qui in altis



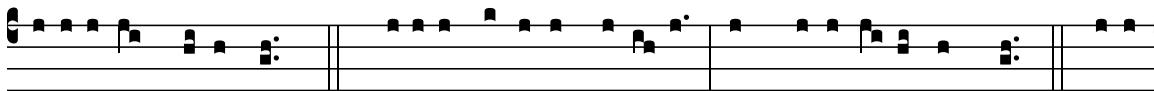
hábi-tat, * et humí-li- a réspi-cit in cælo et in terra? 6. Súsci-tans a terra íno-



pem, * et de stércore éri-gens páuperem: 7. Ut cóllocet e-um cum princípi-bus, *



cum princípibus pópu- li su- i. 8. Qui habi-táre facit sté-ri-lem in domo, * matrem



fi-li-órum lætántem. 9. Glóri- a Patri, et Fí-li- o, * et Spi-ri-tu- i Sancto. 10. Sicut



erat in princípi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácula sæculó-rum. Amen.

**Psalm
3 of 5**

Two (2) versions of the antiphon are provided. One is in modern notation, with a harmonization from the Mechlinian school. The other is "box notation" on 5 lines, for organists who prefer to improvise their own harmonization, or simply accompany in octaves.

3. Antiphon IV E

Rú-bum quem ví-de-rat * Mó - y-ses in-combústum,
 conservá-tam agnó-vi-mus tu-am laudá-bi-lem vir-gi-ni-
 tá-tem: De-i Gé-ni-trix, in-tercé-de pro no-bis.¹⁾

Ru.bum quem ví - de - rat * Mó - y - ses in - com - bú - stum.

3. Ant.
IV. E

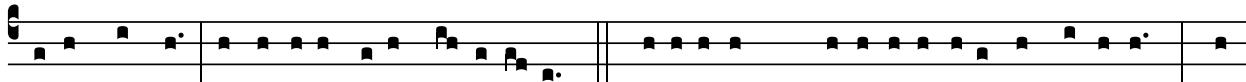
con - ser - vá - tam a - gnó - vi - mus tu - am lau - dá - bi - lem vir - gi - ni -

tá - tem: De - i Gé - ni - trix, in - ter - cé - de pro no - bis. E u o u a e.

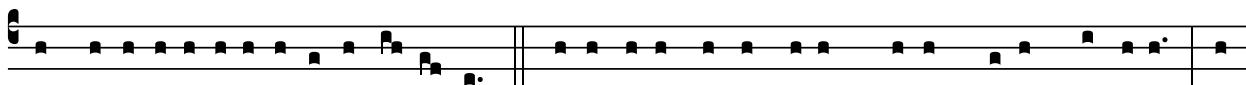
INCOMPLETE



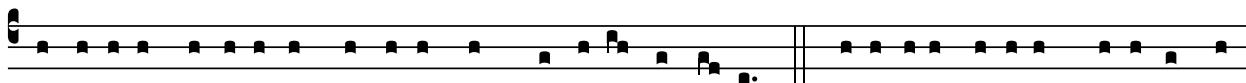
1. Lætátus sum in his, quæ dicta sunt mihi: * In domum Dómini íbimus. 2. Stantes erant



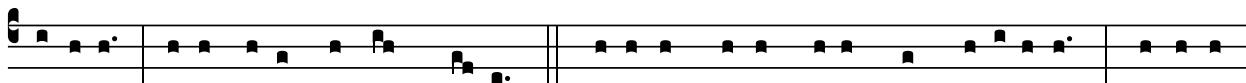
pedes nostri, * in átri- is tu-is, Je-rúsa- lem. 3. Jerúsa-lem, quæ adi-fi-cátur ut cí-vi-tas: * cu-



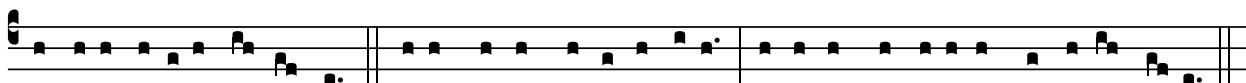
jus parti-cipá-ti- o e-jus in id-ípsum. 4. Illuc enim ascendérunt tribus, tribus Dómini: * tes-



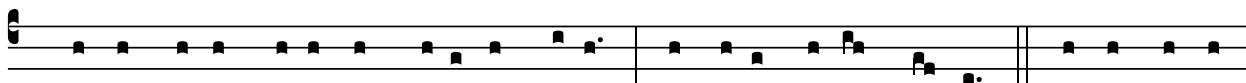
timóni- um Isra- él ad confi-téndum nómini Dómi- ni. 5. Qui- a illic sedérunt sedes in ju-



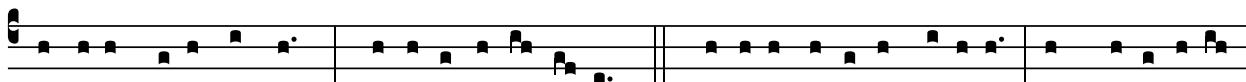
dí-ci- o, * sedes super domum Da- vid. 6. Rogá-te quæ ad pacem sunt Jerúsa- lem: * et abun-



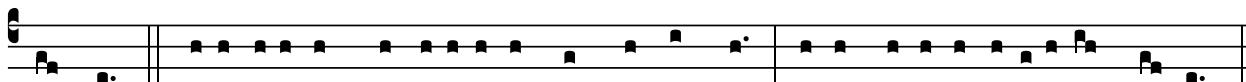
dánti- a di-ligénti-bus te: 7. Fi- at pax in virtú-te tu-a: * et abundánti- a in túrribus tu- is.



8. Propter fratres me- os, et próximos me- os, * loquébar pa-cem de te: 9. Propter domum



Dómini, De- i nostri, * quæ-sí-vi bona ti-bi. 10. Gló-ri- a Patri, et Fí-li- o, * et Spi-ri-tu- i

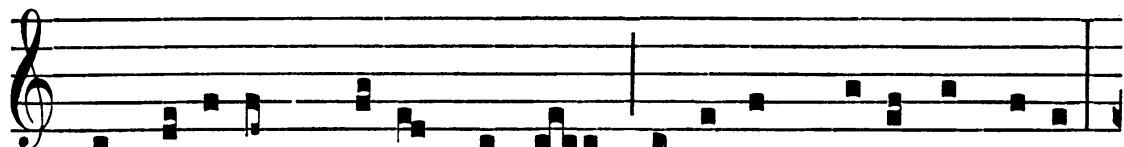


Sancto. 11. Sicut erat in princípi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácu-la sacerdórum. Amen.

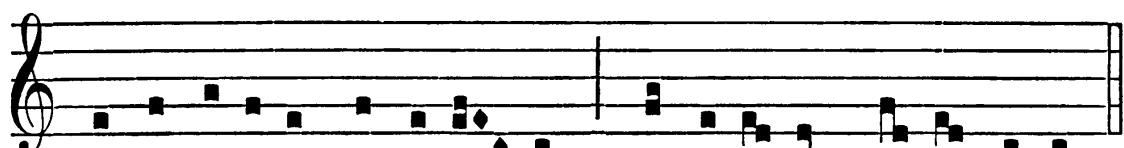
**Psalm
4 of 5**

Two (2) versions of the antiphon are provided. One is in modern notation, with a harmonization from the Mechlinian school. The other is "box notation" on 5 lines, for organists who prefer to improvise their own harmonization, or simply accompany in octaves.

4. Antiphon I f



Ger-mi-ná-vit * ra-dix Jes-se, orta est stella ex Ja-cob:



Vir-go pé-pe-rit Salva-tó - rem: te laudámus, De - us noster.²⁾

Ger- mi - ná - vit * ra - dix Jes - se, or - ta est stell - a ex Ja - cob:

4. Ant.
I. f



Vir-go pé-pe-rit Salva-tó - rem: te lau - dá - mus, De - us no - ster. Eu ou a e.



INCOMPLETE

1. Ni-si Dóminus ædi-fi- cá-ve-rit domum, * in vanum labo-ra-vé-runt qui ædí-
fi-cant e- am. 2. Ni-si Dóminus custodí- e-rit ci-vi-tá-tem, * frustra ví-gi-lat qui
custódit e- am. 3. Vanum est vobis ante lucem súrge-re: * súrgi-te postquam se-
dé- ri- tis, qui manducá- tis panem do-ló- ris. 4. Cum déde- rit di- léctis su- is som-
num: * ecce he-ré-di-tas Dómi-ni fí-li- i: merces, fructus ventris. 5. Sic-ut sa-gíttae
in manu pot-éntis: * i-ta fí-li- i excussórum. 6. Be- á-tus vir qui implé-vit de-
si-dé-ri- um su- um ex ipsis: * non confundé-tur cum loqué-tur in-imí-cis su- is
in porta. 7. Gló-ri- a Patri, et Fí- li- o, * et Spi-rí-tu- i Sancto. 8. Sic-ut e-rat
in princí-pi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácu-la sácu-ló-rum. Amen.

**Psalm
5 of 5**
5. Antiphon II D

Ecce Ma-ri-a * génu-it no-bis Salva-tórem, quem Jo-ánnes
 vi-dens ex-clamá-vit, di-cens: Ecce Agnus De-i, ec-ce
 qui tol-lit peccá-ta † mundi, alle-lú-ia. *Nach Sept. † mundi.¹⁾*

Ec-ce Ma-ri-a * gé-nu-it no-bis Sal-va-tórem,

5. Ant. { **II. D**

quem Jo-á-nes vi-dens ex-cla-má-vit, di-cens: Ec-ce A-gnus De-i,

† ec-ce qui tol-lit pec-cá-ta mun-di, al-le-lú-ia.

Post Sept. † ec-ce qui tol-lit pec-cá-ta mun-di. Eu-o-u-a-e.

INCOMPLETE

1. Lauda, Jerúsa-lem, Dóminum: * lauda De- um tu-um, Si- on. 2. Quóni- am confortávit seras portárum
 tu-árum: * benedí-xit fí-li- is tu-is in te. 3. Qui pósu- it fines tu-os pacem: * et ádipe fruménti sá-ti- at
 te. 4. Qui emíttit e-lóqui- um su-um terræ: * ve-lóci-ter currit sermo e-jus. 5. Qui dat nivem sicut la-
 nam: * nébu-lam sicut cínerem spargit. 6. Mittit crystállum su-am sicut buccéllas: * ante fá-ci- em frí-
 go-ris e-jus quis sustinébit? 7. Emíttet verbum su-um, et lique-fá-ci- et e- a: * flabit spí-ri-tus e-jus, et
 flu-ent aquæ. 8. Qui annúnti- at verbum su-um Jacob: * justí-ti- as, et judí-ci- a su-a Isra-él. 9. Non fe-
 cit tá-li-ter omni na-ti- óni: * et judí-ci- a su-a non mani-festávit e- is. 10. Gló-ri- a Patri, et Fí-li- o, * et
 Spi-ri-tu- i Sancto. 11. Sicut erat in princípi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácu-la sæculórum. Amen.

CHAPTER • A short reading from Holy Scripture.

Kapitel

Tit. 2, II-12

Appáruit grátia Dei Salvatóris nostri ómnibus homínibus, †
 erúdiens nos, ut abnegántes impietátem, et sæculária desidé-
 ria, * sóbrie, et juste, et pie vivámus in hoc sáculo.

De - o grá - ti - as.
 R. Déo grá-ti-as.

**Advent
Hymn**

HYMN FOR CHRISTMAS

Organ Accompaniment by Jeff Ostrowski (2014)

1

Je - su Red - ém - ptor____ ó - mni - um,

Quem lu - cis an - teo - ri - gi - nem, Pa - rem pa - té-

nae_ glo - ri - ae, Pa - ter su - pré - mus_ é - di - dit.

2

Tu lu - men_ et_ splen - dor Pa - tris,

Tu_ spes pe - rén - nis ó - mni - um, In - tén - de_ quas

fun - dunt pre - ces Tu - i per_ or - bem_ sér - vu - li.

3

Me - mén - to,____ re - rum____ Cón - di - tor

No - stri quod o - lim cór - po - ris, Sa - crá - ta ab_ al -

vo____ Vír - gi - nis Na-scén - do,____ for - mam____ súm-pse - ris.

4

Te - stá - tur____ hoc____ präe - sens di - es,

Cur - rens per an - ni cír - cu - lum, Quod so - lus____ e

si - nu Pa - tris Mun-di sa - lus____ ad - vé - ne - ris.

5

Hunc a - stra, tel - lus, aé - quo - ra,

Hunc o - mne quod cae - lo sub - est, Sa - lú - tis au -

ctó - rem no - vae No - vo sa - lú - tat cán - ti - co.

6

Et nos, be - á - ta quos sa - cri

Ri - gá - vit un - da sán - guí - nis, Na - tá - lis ob

di - em tu - i, Hym-ni tri - bú - tum sól - vi - mus.

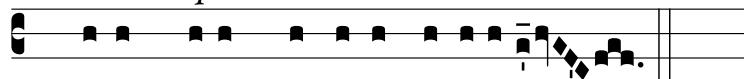
7

Je - su, ti - bi____ sit_____ gló - ri - a,

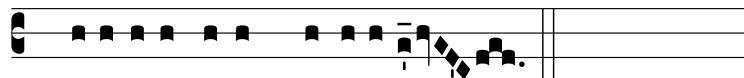
Qui na - tus es de Vir - gi - ne, Cum Pa - tre et al -

mo Spí - ri - tu, In sem - pi - té - na____ saé - cu - la.

A - men.

At II Vespers:

℣. Nótum fécit Dóminus, allelúa.



℟. Salutáre sú-um, allelúa.

℣. The Lord hath made known, alleluia.

℟. His salvation, alleluia.

Magnificat

Two (2) versions of the antiphon are provided. One is in modern notation, with a harmonization from the Mechlinian school. The other is "box notation" on 5 lines, for organists who prefer to improvise their own harmonization, or simply accompany in octaves.

II A

Ma - gnum * hæ-re-di-tá-tis my-sté - ri - um:
templum De-i fac-tus est ú-te-rus né-sci - ens vi-rum:
non est pollú-tus ex e-a car-nem assúmens: om-nes gen-tes
vé-ni - ent, di-céntes: Gló-ri-a ti-bi Dó - mi-ne.¹⁾

II. A

Ma - gnum * he - re - di - tis my - sté - - -
ri - um: templum De - i fa - ctus est ú - te - rus né - sci - ens vi.rum:
non est pol - lú - tus ex e - a car - nem as - sú - mens:

ri - um: templum De - i fa - ctus est ú - te - rus né - sci - ens vi.rum:
non est pol - lú - tus ex e - a car - nem as - sú - mens:

o - mnes gen - tes vé - ni - ent, di - cén - tes: Gló - ri - a

ti - bi Dó - - - mi - ne. E u o u a e.

INCOMPLETE

1. Magní- fi-cat * ánima me- a Dóminum. 2. Et exsultávit spí- ri-tus me- us * in De- o
 sa-lutári me-o. 3. Qui- a respéxit humi-li-tá-tem ancíllæ su-æ: * ecce enim ex hoc be-
 átam me dicent omnes genera-ti- ònes. 4. Qui- a fecit mihi magna qui potens est: *
 et sanctum nomen e-jus. 5. Et mi-se-ricórdi-a e-jus a progéni-e in progéni- es * ti-
 méntibus e- um. 6. Fe-cit poténti- am in bráchi- o su-o: * dispérsit supérbos mente cor-
 dis su-i. 7. Depó-su-it poténtes de sede, * et exaltávit húmi-les. 8. Esu-ri- éntes implé-
 vit bonis: * et dí-vi-tes dimí-sit inánes. 9. Suscé-pit Isra- èl pú- erum su-um, * recor-
 dáitus mi-se-ricórdi- æ su-æ. 10. Sicut locútus est ad patres nostros, * Abraham et sé-
 mini e-jus in sácu-la. 11. Gló-ri- a Patri, et Fí-li- o, * et Spi-ri-tu-i Sancto. 12. Sicut
 erat in princípi- o, et nunc, et semper, * et in sácu-la sáculórum. Amen.

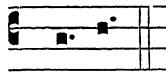
Officiant Sings :

V. Dóminus vobíscum.
R. Et cum spíritu tuo.
 V. Orémus :

Without a Deacon or Priest :

V. Dómine, exáudi oratióne meam.
R. Et clamor meus ad te véniat.
 V. Orémus :

The Officiant now sings a short prayer, to which all respond:



R. Amen.

Officiant Sings :

V. Dóminus vobíscum.
R. Et cum spíritu tuo.

Without a Deacon or Priest :

V. Dómine, exáudi oratióne meam.
R. Et clamor meus ad te véniat.

During the conclusion of the prayer above, Cantors C + D repeat the actions they undertook for the Versicle, and this time sing “Benedicámus Dómino” :

F-F-G-A B Ene-di-cámus Dó- mi-no.

Vs. Let us bless the Lord.

R. Thanks be to God.

R. Dé-o grá- ti- as.

Officiant Sings :

V. Fidélium ánime per misericórdiam Dei
 requiéscant in pace.
R. AMEN.

Officiant Sings :

V. May the souls of the faithful, through
 the mercy of God, rest in peace.
R. AMEN.

I. B Enedicámus Dó- mino. R. Dé- o gráti-as.

4. On Sundays during the Year
 and Septuagesima, Sexagesima, and Quinquagesima.

I. B Enedicámus Dó- mino. R. Dé- o grá- ti-as.